

Homework 1-2 Homework Assignment

Particle Detectors

Modern Particle Physics (2nd Edition) by Mark Thomson

Problems: 1.7, 1.8, 1.10, 1.11,

1.xx A 1.00 GeV K^+ meson enters a thin silicon wafer “face on.” If the wafer thickness is 300μ , calculate how much kinetic energy is lost due to ionization. Use Eq. 1.2 and assume that the energy loss (dE/dx) is constant as the kaon passes through the wafer.

1.yy A 1.00 GeV proton is normally incident on a water target. How far does the proton travel before it comes to rest in the water? Once again, you can use Eq. 1.2; however, the calculation is best done with a computer program.

Suggestion: Iteratively calculate the dE/dx and determine the energy loss in 1.00 mm steps. After each step, calculate the new proton energy (including the new β , γ and v), and repeat the dE/dx calculation for the next 1.00 mm step. Determine how far the proton travels in water before it comes to rest--assuming all its energy loss is due to ionization.

Suggestion: It might be interesting to plot your results--the energy loss as a function of depth (i.e., penetration distance).

Due Date: September 12, 2017

(Tuesday)